

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

## NEVADA CCW PROFICIENCY TEST

1. **Anyone who acquires a firearm for personal defense needs only to learn how to handle the firearm safely.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
  
2. **If you own a handgun, you should study the manufacturer instructions to learn how it operates.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
  
3. **As long as a cartridge fits into the chamber or magazine of a firearm, it means that it's the correct ammunition for the particular firearm.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
  
4. **As a general rule, soft or hollow point, expanding-bullets are more effective for self-defense.**
  - A. True
  - B. False
  
5. **The fundamental principle of firearm safety is to treat every gun as if it is \_\_\_\_\_ at all times.**
  - A. Loaded
  - B. Unloaded
  
6. **Everyone should comply with the following firearm handling safety rules:**
  - A. Keep the muzzle or barrel pointed in a safe direction.
  - B. Keep the finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard.
  - C. Keep the action open and the firearm unloaded until ready to use.
  - D. All of the above.
  
7. **When shooting on an organized range, either indoors or outdoors, you are responsible for \_\_\_\_\_**
  - A. Reading the rules.
  - B. Understanding the rules.
  - C. Obeying all range commands.
  - D. All of the above.

8. For firearms to work safely and reliably, they need
- A. Correct ammunition.
  - B. Regular cleaning and care.
  - C. To be stored in a locked gun cabinet.
  - D. Both A & B.
9. It is always best to depend on the use of force for your protection.
- A. True
  - B. False
10. If you are out for a walk and feel threatened or intimidated by the occupant of a car, you should:
- A. Show the occupant your firearm.
  - B. Point your firearm at the occupant and ask him to move on.
  - C. Retreat in the opposite direction from which the car is traveling.
11. The term “deadly force” means:
- A. That force which under the circumstances it is used, is readily capable of causing serious pain.
  - B. That force which under the circumstances it is used, is readily capable of causing death.
  - C. That force which under the circumstances it is used, is readily capable of causing death or serious bodily harm.
12. Warning shots should not be utilized because \_\_\_\_\_
- A. Firing the weapon can have an effect on your ability to think clearly.
  - B. Rounds shot into the air return to the ground at a high velocity and can cause injury.
  - C. Both A & B.
13. One of the basic firearm handling safety rules is:
- A. Always keep your firearm loaded and ready to use.
  - B. Always keep the firearm unloaded until ready to use.
  - C. Neither A or B.
14. The first rule of firearms safety is:
- A. Determine whether the firearm is loaded.
  - B. Determine if the safety is on.
  - C. Keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.
  - D. Remove the magazine from the firearm.

15. Dry-firing is an effective way to practice your:
- A. Stance.
  - B. Sight picture.
  - C. Trigger control.
  - D. All of the above.
16. Before dry-firing, you should:
- A. Unload your firearm.
  - B. Clean your firearm.
  - C. Unload and double-check your firearm.
  - D. Use appropriate ammunition.
17. When you stop shooting, the first thing you should do is:
- A. Move your finger out of the trigger guard.
  - B. Remove the magazine.
  - C. Check the chamber.
  - D. Put the safety on.
18. The first thing to do when cleaning your gun is:
- A. Run a bronze brush through the bore.
  - B. Carefully unload it.
  - C. Use a good bore cleaner.
  - D. Wipe the outside with a slightly oily patch.
19. Before you shoot, you should:
- A. Observe what is beyond your target.
  - B. Identify your target.
  - C. Be sure your target is clear of any innocent bystanders.
  - D. All of the above.
20. Why is cleaning your firearm important?
- A. To prevent malfunctions.
  - B. To protect the firearm from corrosion.
  - C. To inspect for damage.
  - D. All of the above.
21. When on a firing range, all firearms should have their muzzles pointed down-range unless:
- A. They are in a gun case.
  - B. They are in a gun storage rack.
  - C. They are holstered.
  - D. All of the above.

22. It is okay to drink alcoholic beverages before, or while, you are shooting, if:
- A. You only have a few drinks.
  - B. You are out in the woods with a few close friends.
  - C. You have a good meal within an hour before shooting.
  - D. None of the above.
23. Firearm safety is:
- A. Everyone's responsibility.
  - B. The rangemaster's responsibility.
  - C. Your responsibility.
  - D. The instructor's responsibility.
24. If you witness someone using a firearm in an unsafe manner, you should tell the rangemaster, tell the instructor, or politely tell the person who is doing it that it is not a safe thing to do.
- A. True.
  - B. False.
25. When storing firearms that will not be used for a while, you should:
- A. Unload them.
  - B. Clean them.
  - C. Lubricate them.
  - D. Use an appropriate gun lock, or locked container, or safe.
  - E. All of the above.
26. Use of an appropriate holster may prevent an accidental discharge.
- A. True
  - B. False
27. On a firing range, when anyone is down range, all handguns should:
- A. Have muzzles pointed in a safe direction.
  - B. Be unloaded.
  - C. Be unhandled.
  - D. Have actions open, if possible.
  - E. All of the above.
28. Per NRS 200.120, justifiable homicide is the killing of a human being:
- A. In defense of habitation, against one who manifestly intends, or endeavors, by violence or surprise, to commit a felony.
  - B. In defense of property or person, against any person or persons who manifestly intend to endeavor, in a violent, riotous, tumultuous, or surreptitious manner, to enter the habitation of another for the purpose of assaulting or offering personal violence to any person dwelling or being therein.
  - C. In necessary self-defense.
  - D. All of the above.

29. Firearms descriptions for the CCW permit must include:
- A. The manufacturer or brand name.
  - B. The serial number.
  - C. The model designation.
  - D. None of the above.
  - E. A and C only
30. Unless suspended or revoked by the issuing sheriff, a permit for a Nevada resident will expire:
- A. On the fifth anniversary of the date of issuance or renewal.
  - B. On the fifth anniversary of the permittee's birthday nearest the date of issuance.
  - C. On the third anniversary of the date of issuance or renewal.
  - D. On the third anniversary of the permittee's birthday nearest the date of issuance or renewal.
31. Unless suspended or revoked by the issuing sheriff, a permit for a non-Nevada resident, (out-of-state) will expire:
- A. On the fifth anniversary of the date of issuance or renewal.
  - B. On the third anniversary of the date of issuance or renewal.
  - C. On the fifth anniversary of the permittee's birthday nearest the date of issuance.
  - D. On the third anniversary of the permittee's birthday nearest the date of issuance or renewal.
32. Homicide will be judge justified if the killing occurred as a result of the extreme fear of death or great bodily harm.
- A. True
  - B. False
33. Per NRS 202.367, a permittee shall notify the issuing sheriff in writing within 30 days, if:
- A. His permanent address changes.
  - B. His permit is lost.
  - C. His permit is destroyed.
  - D. His permit is stolen.
  - E. All of the above.
34. Per NRS 202.3667, whenever a permittee is in actual possession of a concealed firearm, he/she must carry:
- A. A minimum of two extra magazines or speedloaders.
  - B. Proper identification.
  - C. His/Her Nevada Concealed Firearms Permit
  - D. His/her fishing or hunting license.
  - E. B and C.

35. A CCW applicant must complete an approved course of instruction which must include:
- A. Firearms safety.
  - B. Methods of concealed carry.
  - C. Nevada laws pertaining to the proper use of firearms.
  - D. Instruction in the use of each firearm to be entered on the permit.
  - E. All of the above.
36. The sheriff shall deny or revoke a permit if he determines that the applicant or permittee:
- A. Has been convicted of a felony under the laws of any state or territory of the U.S.
  - B. Has habitually used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance to the extent that his normal faculties are impaired.
  - C. Has an outstanding warrant for his arrest.
  - D. Has made a false statement on any application for a permit or for a renewal of a permit.
  - E. All of the above.
37. Homicide is justifiable when committed in lawful defense of:
- A. Yourself.
  - B. Your spouse.
  - C. A member of your family.
  - D. A person in your presence or in your company.
  - E. All of the above.
38. A person is considered to be in violation of NRS 202.350 and can be arrested for Carrying a Concealed Weapon, (Category C Felony), if:
- A. The firearm is on his/her person
  - B. The firearm is completely concealed from view
  - C. The person does not have a Nevada Concealed Firearm permit
  - D. All of the above
39. As a CCW holder, you can still be held criminally liable for violating NRS 202.320, drawing a firearm in a threatening manner, when the drawing of the firearm is in necessary self defense.
- A. True
  - B. False
40. Per NRS 202.3673, unless certain exceptions apply, a Concealed Weapon Permit holder can carry a firearm concealed in public except when in:
- A. A public building located on the property of a public airport
  - B. A public building located on the property of any public school without written permission
  - C. A public building that has signs posted at each entrance that no firearms are allowed inside
  - D. All of the above